NEW TAX BILL NEEDED NOW, M'ADOO FINDS

Secretary Will Explain Reasons to Congress Next Week.

MAKERS

Do Not Want to Wrangle All Summer Over Proposed Measure.

Special Despatch to THE SUN. WASHINGTON, May 10 .- Reasons why Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo eleves that a new tax bill must be framed at the present session of Concress are to be presented by him to Congress leaders at a conference early ext week, probably on Tuesday.

The effects of the bombshell which sary. secretary McAdoo landed on the Capiof yesterday in his suggestion that adof yesterday in his suggestion that adhis time was still in evidence in the talls of Congress to-day, with the leaders on both sides demurring at the prospect of remaining in session all sum mer wrestling with the problem of new

Assertion was made by members of e Senate and House committees that Secretary McAdoo would have to show convincing reasons before they could be won over to such a plan.

It became established to-day that secretary McAdoo's letters to Senator smmons (North Carolina) and Representative Kitchin (North Carolina) esterday, which caused such a commoon, were prempted by THE SUN's exusive interview with Senator Simmons erinted on Monday. In the letter Secretary McAdoo said in substance that he had read with interest the views of senator Simmons as published in THE sen and that he found reason to take President Wilson. mue with the view expressed by Senaor Simmons that no new legislation was

needed at this time.

Secretary McAdoo went on to say that cwing to the condition of the Treasry and the vast increases in the esti mates of the executive departments new revenue legislation was, in his opinion, absolutely necessary. He then nevited their views on the subject and suggested a conference.

President for McAdoo Plan.

Secore taking this matter up with Senator Simmons it was learned to-day Secretary McAdoo had laid his views before the President, and it can be said that his suggestion has the President's approval, although the President has seen one of those who until recently beleved that the war expenses of the country could be met without additional evenue legislation this year.

It is understood that Secretary Baker's trip to France and the report he brought back to the President of the part that America must play in the struggle without delay had swung the President around to the view that measures for meeting the extraordinary expenditures

might not to be postponed and the summer of the American delegation saw vergun and Rheims and talked with Gen. Personal Secretary McAdo will submit to the Secretary McAdo will submit to the Senate probably to-morrow an estimate of the returns from the war revenue of the returns from the war revenue and other tax acts, included in the intensely satisfied with what we saw, and other tax acts, included in the intensely satisfied with what we saw, soldiers both told us everything was asked in a resolution by Senate probably to-morrow an estimate of the returns from the war revenue receipts. This information intensely satisfied with what we saw, soldiers both told us everything was asked in a resolution by Senate probably to-morrow an estimate of the returns from the war revenue receipts. This information intensely satisfied with what we saw, soldiers both told us everything was soldiers both told us everything was poing well and that they were waiting the probably to-morrow an estimate of the returns from the war revenue of the returns from the war revenue receipts. This information in the said Mr. Wilson. "The chiefs and the same tax in Medical Corps of the returns from the war revenue receipts. This information in the said Mr. Wilson. "The chiefs and the will be said Mr. Wilson. "The chiefs and the same tax in the form Ohio. Deveraux. Frank Fred. Deveraux. Frank Fre brwarded to the Senate. THE SUN is in a position to state that the estimate stows returns slightly under \$4.000,000.

This is a half billion greater than the estimate made at the time the war execute act was passed, but almost all increase over the original estimates is in excess profits and income

Returns Over Estimate.

The miscellaneous receipts up to date pacco, stamp and other taxes. For the year they are expected to run a little ever a billion, and the original estimate was a little under.

The original estimate for the excess

profits and income taxes, however, was \$2,427,000,000. They will be approximately \$3,000,000,000. The estimate of these returns to be submitted to Control Camp Jackson Troop Car.

partments and agencies of the Government, particularly from the War Department, Senators are insistent that unfer no circumstances can American in-dustry meet in production the expendi-ure of \$27,000,000,000, the estimate of

Senator Smootl (Utah), within the en-suing fiscal year. In this view Chairman Simmons of the Emance Committee of the Senate and Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee of the House are in Means Committee of the House are in second and sympathy. They are disposed to take issue with the Secretary of the Treasury on this ground and to press the issue. They favor a possible early attempting of Congress in extra session inmediately after the November elections, probably on Monday, November II, which would give them three weeks start of the normal meeting time of the final session of this Congress and with that period of grace set away to a quick. that period of grace get away to a quick plart with the formulation of such new lax legislation as may by that time seem heressary.

The Republican leaders of the Senate

ommittee on Finance take a similar

Summer Session Opposed.

Both from the standpoint of physical confort and politics members of the House are averse to spending the summer in Washington. It is appreciated that there will be protracted debate over technic legislation both in the House and Senate and particularly in the latter body. The framing of a revenue bill to produce twice the amount of the present law will require several weeks time because dozens of tax raising suggestions must be fought out in committee tions must be fought out in committee and adopted or discarded. Although no public hearings were held the last revenue bill was several weeks emerging from the House committee which originates revenue legislation.

Assuming that the Administration is to ask for legislation members of the House hope that a plan may be de-

vised under which Congress will get away about July 1 and return early in November. Members of the Ways and Means and Finance committees, it is suggested, might return to Washington in October and begin work on the revenue bill to be presented on the first day of the extra seasion.

House leaders, however, are yet to be convinced of the necessity of another

convinced of the necessity of another revenue bill at this time. Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee issued a statement to-day that his committee believes consideration of such a bill may be postponed.

Call Bill Unnecessary.

"If Mr. McAdoo shows the Ways and Means Committee there is an absolute secessity for a revenue bill this session the committee will take pleasure in framing and passing a bill," said Mr. Kitchin. "In the opposite the control of the control Kitchin. "In the opinion of several members of the committee who have given considerable thought to the matter it will be most difficult to show this necessity. From figures heretofore given, including bonds sold and authorized and certificates of indebtedness authorized to he issued, there will be over \$12,000,000,000 available for expenditures from July 1 to January of February 1.

February 1.
"The committee is and has been under the impression that if another revenue GIANNI, ANTONIO, private, Gersee, measure is necessary the President Italy, would call another extra session of Congress in November."

Hackett, FRED E., private, Friday Hackett, Wash.

Representative Kitchin's views are shared by a large number of House mem-bers. There is practically no sentiment bers. There is practically no sentiment for holding Congress in session through-out the summer unless absolutely neces-

U. S. LABOR MISSION

Officials Eulogize President Wilson-Visitors Find American Troops Confident.

Paris, May 10 .- The members of the American labor delegation were officially received this afternoon in the City Hall by M. Reisz, vice-president of the City Council, who acted for M. Mathouard, the president, who was ill.

Standing under the coat of arms of Paris, around which the French and American flags were entwined, M. Reisz thanked William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador, for the presence of the American delegates and eulogized

"American collaboration in the war." said M. Reisz, "will make certain its successful termination." M. Aurand, the new Prefect of the Seine, who assumed his post to-day,

"My assumption of the functions of auspiciously for me than to have as my first official act the reception of this splendid delegation united under the same fundamental principles of democforth will form one family."

M. Roux, the former Prefect of Paris,

and M. de Landre, president of the Gen-eral Council, also spoke.

James Wilson, head of the delegation, assured the French people of the unal-terable decision of the Unitd States to push the war with all possible speed.
"We leave France," said Mr. Wilson,

"with more admiration for the French people than ever before." He thanked the officials for their cordial welcome. and the party then left to attend a re-ception in the Chamber of Deputies. As he Americans departed from City Hall

they are talking about, and we can be

fully realize the terrible nature of the struggle we are engaged in, and they displayed indomitable energy and courage. They mean to show themselves worthy of their admirable brothers in arms, with whom they are defending civilization and liberty. We are sure they will make good."

BELHORN, WILLIAM J. Lieutenant, Greensburg Pa.

Lancaster, Ohio.

Love, SAMUEL G. Lieutenant, Chester, S. C.

FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg Pa.

ALEXANDER, PERCT, sergeant, Forest La.

WALSH, KEVIN A. seigeant, Indianmended yet."

MARTIN, WILLIAM SAINT. CORRECT OF STRAIN

This morning the delegation visited the French aviation field at Villocoublay and inspected the airplanes and equip-

EIGHT SOLDIERS DIE IN TRAIN WRECK

Camp Jackson Troop Car.

a little less than \$13,000,000,000. The stimate of expenditures now with the stimate of expenditures now with the stimate of expenditures now with the stimates for an outlay of \$27,000,000,000 or more than double.

Cannot Spend Money, Leaders Say.

But regardless of the increases in the stimates from the various executive destinates from the various executive destinates from the various executive destinates from the control of the men were from Southern States.

All of the men were from Southern States.

All of the men were from Southern States.

The soldiers had just entrained for Camp Sevier at Greenville, N. C., and the train was pulling out from camp at a slow rate. As it reached the trestle at the rails spread beneath a heavy steel the rails spread beneath a heavy steel wooden car along the wooden car along the rails spread beneath a heavy steel wooden

The Nation's Honor Roll

		-
	Reported May 10.	Tota to dat
illed in metion	. 8	GTR
led of wounds	. 5	143
led of dirense	. 11	1,021
led of accident	. 3	221
led from other causes		51
versly wounded	. 23	463
ightly wonnded	. 43	2.62
lesing in action and prisoners	. 4	130

Day's total	. 100	5,339
(Corrected according to latest War Department f	(gures)	

U. S. FLIER IS MISSING.

Lieut, Gustav H. Kissel Is Believed

to Be a Prisoner.

have ever seen. I am more than sorry that he is missing."

BROOKLYNITE WOUNDED.

Adolph Hiller Wrote Defeat of

Germans Would Be Easy.

issued in which he said that he had been

Adolph Hiller, whose name appeared

Morristown, N. J.

Lieut. Kissel lived with his parents at

WASHINGTON, May 10 .- Two casualty | PULSE, LEONARD F., private, Sykes, lists were issued by the War Department REMME. GILBERT. private. Kenneth,

DAY, DUGLES, sergeant, Line Fork, My. Ohio.
DRELICH, ALEXANDER, cerporal, Pas- STOUT, DANIEL B., private, Lancaster, SHAW, STANLEY J., corporal, Walling- STRATTON, RALPH L., private, Des ford, Conn.
KABUL, DURASEA, private, Washington, Pa.
LUDINGHOUS, LESTER R., Oakland,
Vale, Chicago.

Moines, 12.
GARVER, ORIE, private, Cincinnati,
Ohio
DE SOLLAR, FREDERIC OLIVER, private, Chicago. BRYANT, DAVID F., private, Hopewell,

BOSENWALD, JOHN P., First Lieutenant. Minnespells, Minn.
FYFE, CHARLES G., sergeant, Lawrence,
Mass.
STINSON, RODNEY, private, Stemington,
WELSH, JOSEPH, private, Greensburg,
Ind.
DZINSKI, Frank W., cook, Terrington,
Count. Lieut. Kissel was graduated from
Harvard in the class of '17. His father
is Rudolph H. Kissel of Kissel, Kinnicutt,
Count. DIED OF WOUNDS.

DIED OF DISEASE. & Co., 14 Wall street. He was one of SPENCER, JOSEPH M. sergeant, Nevada the first aviators sent to France, and CURTIS, HARRY L., corporal, Stratford, sent to England for final training.

McMakin, Luther, corporal, Greer, Just before the recent drive he was McMakin, Luther, corporal, Greer, S. C.

BAUDSON, HAROLD, wagoner, Clinton, Mass.
PEETE, JOHN, private, Holly Grove, La.
SHEPHERDSON, GEORGE P., private, Philadelphia.
CUCOTE, LAMAR PAUL, Cottonport, La.
JONES, LINDSEY, Rocky Ford, Ga.
JONES, LINDSEY, Rocky Ford, Ga.
PIELD, HARRY ARTHUR LITTLE, Petersburg, N. T.
McKENNEY, EVERETT N., Gorham, Me.
ROGERS, WILLIAM ROSS, Cincinnati.
DIED OF ACCIDENT.

DOWNING, DENIS, sergeant, 419 East have been separated from his patrol and

DOWNING, DENIS, sergeant. 419 East have been separated from his patrol and 137th street. New York city. FRY, CLARENCE H. cadet, Columbia, Tenn. DIED OF DEOWNING. have been separated from his patrol and was compelled to land behind the German lines. He is a very great loss to this squadron, and I am certain that he DIED OF DROWNING.

TRAINOR, JOHN J., private, 528 West
Forty-seventh street, New York city.

MISSING IN ACTION.

MISSING IN ACTION.

SCULLY, CARROL J., private, Toledo, Ohio, Tuscania victim, now identified, and buried. PRISONERS, PREVIOUSLY BEPORTED MISSING. ABBOTT, J. S. Lieutenant, St. Paul, JEFFREY, R. H., Lieutenant, Uniontown,

STRAUSS, ABRAHAM, 1 West Ninetythird street. New York city.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Adolph Finite, Minetyin the casualty lists yesterday as being severely wounded, is 26 years of age, and a member of the 102d Infantry. He

BUCKLEY, WILLIAM H., sergeant, New-ark, Ohio.

BUSH, JOHN, sergeant, Monicello, Ind.,
CURLEY, NATHAN, sergeant, 11 West
117th street, New York city.
GERLACH, WALTER W., sergeant,
Mount Sterling, Ohio.

SMITH, DANIEL R., sergeant, Dillsburg.

SMITH, DANIEL R., sergeant, Dillsburg.

Pa. GRAVES. ROBERT H. corporal. Acker- brothers and two eisters live at that adtown, Ohio.
BELROSE, HENRY J., private, Franklin, Mass.
DRAVES, EDWARD H., private, Reynolds, Ind.
JELSCH, JOSEPH C., private, Romeo,
Mich. JELSCH. JOSEPH C., private, Romeo, Mich.
JONES, RICHARD P., private, Trenton, Ill.
LEICHTFUL. GEORGE W., private, Orange, Cal.
Orange, Cal. Orange, Cal.

LOVE, JAMES E., private, Lanham, Md. was among those reported as killed. He MURRAY, WILLIAM H., private, Palmer, was a graduate of Johns Hopkins Medi-Square there was an outburst of cheering and cries of "Long live America."

In their two days' visit to the front OLSHESKI, STANLEY, private, Princeequired for Mr. Baker's programme in their two days visit to the front the American delegation saw Verdun and Eheims and talked with Gen. Personners McAdoo will submit to the Shing. The American Commander-in-Raines. DEAN, private, Milan Ga. Personners McAdoo will submit to the Shing. The American Commander-in-Raines. DEAN, private, Bismarck, N. D. Reill, E., private, Bismarck, N. D. Reill, E., private, Bismarck, N. D.

South Manchester, Conn. BOWERS, WILLIAM B. corporal, Westville, Okia. William B., corporal, Westville, Okia.
ROLLINS, FRANCIS E., corporal, Sherborn, Mass.
ESTABROOK, EZRA W., musician, Mariboro, Mass.
ANDERSON, PATRICK, private, Whitinaville, Mass.
BAKER, JAMES S., private, Parsons.
Tenn. BRADLEY, PAUL W. private, Short CUMMINGS. VIRTUS, private, Rierson, Columbia. S. C., May 10.—Eight solutions were killed and twenty-six injured diers were killed and twenty-six injured to-day when a wooden railroad coach made by Secretary McAdoo in his annual report to the President and Congress a few months ago called for an outlay of a little less than \$13,000,000,000. The continues of expenditures now with the States. GERKEN, CARL, private, Lancaster,

had been wounded in the body and not in the head. Lieut. Strauss has served in the Amiens and Peronne sectors. He was lately attached to a base hospital, but following his request was transferred to the front. It is believed he remained on duty after being wounded in the opening of the German drive, and that this resulted in his capture.

He was born in Providence, R. I., and graduated from Harvard and from the Johns Hopkins Medical College. For three years he was at Mount Sinai Hospital here, and then went to Cleveland.

He enlisted a year ago and shortly afterward was sent to England, where he ward-was sent to England, where he was attached to the Connaught Rangers. He is 29 years old, the son of Major Alexander S. Straues of the National Guard of Rhode Island. His relatives believe that his transfer will be arranged. ranged.

to-day. The lists contained 100 names, including the following:

KILLED IN ACTION.

DAY, DUGLER, segment, Line Fork, Ey, Ohio.

DAY, DUGLER, segment, Line Fork, Ey, Ohio.

DAY, DUGLER, segment, Line Fork, Ey, Ohio.

DESTRUCTURE DANIES. GILBERT. private, Kenneth, Minn. Corporal Alexander Drelich, reported in Gen. Pershing's casualty list as among the killed, lived at \$4 Fourth street, Passaic, N. J., with his sister, Mrs. George DAY, DUGLER, segment, Line Fork, Ey, Ohio.

DESTRUCTURE DANIES. STORY DANIES. South Olive, Ohio. When war was declared Drelich gave up a position in the Matteon Rubber Company's plant at Lodi, N. J., and enlisted. He was actuated, he said, not only by a desire to fight for Uncle Sam against the Kaiser's hordes, but to do the best he could "for the freedom of Polesed".

Mrs. Bladek said last night she re-ceived the last letter from her brother a week ago yesterday. He wrote that a week ago yesterday. He wrote that he had been in several engagements and expected soon to get a furlough. Dre-lich belonged to the Eighteenth United States Infantry.

GERMANY'S EASTERN POLICY CRITICISED

Centrist Leader in Reichstag Protests Ukraine Dictatorship.

LONDON, May 10 .- Germany's Eastern policy, particularly respecting Ukraine, has again been criticised sharply in the Reichstag Main Committee, a Central News despatch from Amsterdam reports. Gustav Noske, Socialist, asked for further information regarding the status of affairs in Ukraine and protested against continued interference by Ger-many in the domestic interests of that country. He said it was impossible to conceal the existence of discord between

Germany and Austria on account of this situation.

Mathias Erzberger, Centrist leader. protested against what he called the German military dictatorship in Ukraine. He said the Centrists did not accept responsibility for Germany's

support of the Ukraine Minister," pie. Far from creating a spirit of con-Herr Erzberger said. He proceeded to ciliation it would simply strengthen the tell how the Rada had been suppressed. American will to smash the perfidious charged following an injury to a leg at Herr Erzberger said. He proceeded to the Panama exposition. Two months tell how the Rada had been suppressed before war was declared he underwent by a German officer entering and calling for "hands up" in the name of the German Government. Herr Noske, in his speech, besides dealing with the Ukraine and pointing

dress. They received three letters from out that the Government had up to the him a day before the casualty list was present refused to state why German issued in which he said that he had been troops were advancing in the Crimea. in action and that the United States referred to the regime of violence in would have an easy time defeating the Esthonia and Livonia, where the censorship, he said, was suppressing the truth army, has achieved unenviable notoriet; The Berlin Tageblatt calls at

tention to this propaganda, in evident disapproval, by reproducing a pamphlet of twenty-four pages entitled, "Army of

with English troops since last July, was acquired by the Germans in the Peronne sector March 21. His brother, Dr. Israel Strauss of Mount Sinal Hospital, living Lancaster, Ohio.

BELHORN, WILLIAM J. Lieutenant, Chester, Cons. S. C. FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg, Parkers of Mount Sinal Hospital, living at 1 West Ninety-third street, received a card from him yesterday containing the following message:

FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg, Parkers of Mount Sinal Hospital, living at 1 West Ninety-third street, received a card from him yesterday containing the following message:

FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg, Parkers of the Reichstag for Karlsruhe, who is the writer of the Tagebiatt article in the following message:

FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg, Parkers of Mount Sinal Hospital, living at 1 West Ninety-third street, received a card from him yesterday containing the following message:

FISCUS, JAMES H. Lieutenant, Greensburg, Parkers of the Reichstag for Karlsruhe, who is the writer of the Tagebiatt article in the following message:

"I am a prisoner of war and was slightly wounded the day before th

EFFORT IS NIPPED

HERON TELLS OF TALK

Terms Suggested Are Scorned by Former Grinnell, Iowa, Man.

LONDON, May 10.—A story of how an attempted German peace offensive di-rected toward President Wilson was turned down ignominiously by Prof. Heron, an American living in Geneva. Is told by the Swiss correspondent of the Daily Mail in his despatch dated at An-nemasse, on the Franco-Swiss frontier. Prof. Heron is described as a friend of President Wilson.

the correspondent, tried to get peace of-fers sent to the President through Prof. Heron, who was visited on April 19 by Prof. Quidde of Munich, a friend of Count on Hertling, the Imperial German Chancellor, Prof. Quidde was accompanied by the Dutch pacifist, Dr. Jong

Prof. Quidde said he had come to prepare the way for a merciful peace, and gave Prof. Heron to understand that he oke for Chancellor von Hertling and the German Foreign Office. He assured the American professor that the peace party in the Reichstag was about to gain predominance in Germany and that he wished to prepare President Wilson to take advantage of that auspicious

German Peace Terms.

Germany, Prof. Quidde said, was will-ing to make the following terms: 1. To grant autonomy to Alsace-Lorraine within the limits of the German Empire, provided the Allies would not broach the subject of Al-sace-Lorraine at the peace confer-

2. The Brest-Litovsk peace treaties not to be discussed at the peace con-ference, although the Allies might submit claims for the revision of them and Germany might make certain conclaims for the revision of them

3. No economic war against Germany after the war.
4. German colonies to be restored. Prof. Quidde asserted that the present offensive in France had the ultimate objective of achieving a durable peace. Prof. Heron, the Daily Mail corre-Prof. Heron, the Daily Mail corre-spondent writes, after listening to the

present policy there.

"To-day we have a military dictatorship in the Ukraine, under Hetman tery to ask me to lay such a rigmarole Skoropadski, who is unable to gain the support of the Ukraine Minister."

spondent writes, after listening to the German educator, exclaimed:

"I wonder that you have the effrontery to ask me to lay such a rigmarole of cant deceit before the American people. Far from creating a spirit of conand nefarious offer of such proposals. "The United States intends to continue the fighting until the Prussian military power, and if necessary the Prussian State along with it, is extinguished for

one year or ten. Shows Them Their Blunder.

"If you call the remorseless sacrifice of 2,000,000 men a peace offensive and if you want the United States to recogtions and churches as a part of it, you are making a monstrous and foolish

"When I listen to your false and treacherous overtures I feel ashamed Prof. Quidde, adds the correspondent, left the House weeping. The next week Prof. Heron was besieged by new offers by telephone, one of the speakers saying he was Dr. W. S. Solf, German Colonial Minister. Prof. Heron talked straight to all of them, telling them,

among other things, that:
"The United States no longer wants
peace. It wants to sweep out the Augean stables at Potsdam.'

at 34th Street

Germany Sends Drastic Ultimatum to Russia

[ONDON, May 10 .- Despatches from Moscow say that the newspapers there publish statements that an ultimatum was recently handed to the Council of the Peoples' Commissaries by the German Ambassador, Count von Mirbach, which demand the immediate execution of measures making Russia virtually a Ger-

man colony.

The main points of the ultimatum were the settlement of the prisoner question, complete cessation of arming troops and the disbandment of units recently formed for the occupation of Moscow and other cities of Great Russia.

account of his views regarding mar riage. Separated from his first wife, he followed out his ideas in contract-ing a second marriage. He has lived in Europe for more than a decade.

The Prof. Quidde probably is Prof.
Ludwig Quidde, a historian of the University of Munich, in Munich, the Bavarian capital. German Chancellor von

HUNGÁRY'S CABINET IS SHUFFLED AGAIN

Premier Wekerle Promiscs Immediate Vote Reform.

arian Cabinet has been formed, with Dr. Alexander Wekerle as Premier and Min-ister of the Interior. The Ministers fol-low: Commerce, Joseph Szteprenyi; Ag-riculture, Count Adalbert Serenyi; Education, Count Johann Zichy: Finance, Count Popowitch; Food, Prince Win-disch-Graetz; Defense, Baron Szurmay; Court Affairs, Count Aladar Zichy: Jusice, Dr. Gustave Toery; Minister for Proatia, Dr. Mari Unkelhausser; Social

Mairs, Count Paul Teleki. Premier Wekerle has stated that the Government intends to introduce various small amendments to suffrage proposals based on compromises that will make the acceptance of the proposals possible.

The amendments provide that every citizen who would not otherwise have the right to vote should obtain that right if he gives proof of sufficient learning to have passed through four classes of the national school and is also master of the Hungarian language.

will have the right to vote. The exten sion of the suffrage will be carried out forthwith and the Government will maintain its social and economic programme and its plan of army reform.

MISERY IN BOHEMIA. Popular Dissatisfaction With Gov.

ernment Increases. special Cable Despatch to Tax 515 from the London Times. Copyright, 1918; all rights reserved.

citung publishes a Socialist protest against the adjournment of l'arliament which says that the misery among the people is greater than ever and popular

national autonomy in Bohemia, where the Germans are in the minority, but in Silesia. ceased on the Veronezh, Karsk and Bri The Munchener Neueste Nachrichten ansk fronts and that a line of demarca.

says that the communal councillors have tion has been established, voted against the constitution of a Slav. It is expected, says the state as deleterious to the interests of the Russian delegation will meet shortly Vienna and the monarchy. The Nord-the German-Ukrainian delegation and deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung says that sign a peace. Meantime the Russians the division of Bohemia contemplates have established on all fronts defensive thirteen zones, seven Czech, four Gerguards, who will not permit armed deman and two mixed.

RUMANIA AGAIN IS NEUTRAL STATE

Peace Treaty With Germany Causes Kaiser to Rejoice.

HONORS VON HINDENBURG

Pro-Germanism Said to Be Wiped Out of Country-Hope for Allied Victory.

AMSTERDAM, May 10 .-- In an interview in the Luming of Bucharest, Constantian Arion, the Rumanian Foreign Minister, is quoted in a Bucharest despatch to-day as alluding to the "painful arrangements" embodied in the peace treaty between Rumania and the Central Powers, notably with regard to tervon ritorial concessions. These he attributes Hertling is a Bavarian and was formerly Bavarian Prime Minister,
Prof. Ludwig Guidde was a delegate
to the "light mindedness" with which
the war was waged and the "faulty
to the Twentieth Universal Peace Con-

Prof. Ludwig Quilde was a uncomposed for the Twentieth Universal Peace Conference at The Hague in the fall of 1913. In moving before that conference a proposal for gradual disarmanent Prof. Quilde severely blamed Germany for the increase in armaments full labor and made Rumania's future ful labor and made Rumania's future full labor and made Rumania's future full labor and made Rumania's future would present full full labor and made Rumania's future full labor and full labor a said Rumania in the future would pre-serve a strictly honest neutrality to-ward all the belligerents. It has been learned from well in-

formed Rumanian circles that the first mania. The fall of Count Czernin, the former Austrian Premier, clearly brought about a hardening of policy toward Ru-mania. Baron Burian and Dr. von Kuehlmann, the German Foreign Secre achieve success and they obtained it

Rumanian Hope in Allies

The majority of Rumanians realize that the only hope of saving their country from becoming a virtual Ger-man dependency is allied victory, of which they are confident.

In a proclamation to the population of occupied and unoccupied territories the Rumanian Government announces the conclusion of peace, according to a Bucharest despatch, and adds that the country reenters a state of neutrality under the protection of its constitutional institutions, which were unas-

sailed by the war."

Rumania, it adds, can now work to remove the scars of war by consolidating the position created by peace. All ques-tions and disputes between Rumania and the States with which she has been at war are settled and relations with their

New Parliament to Convene.

The Rumanian Parliament has been dissolved by royal decree, according to a despatch from Bucharest. New elections have been ordered and the new Parliament will convene on June 17. Emperor William in congratulating Field Marshal von Hindenburg upon the Rumanian peace treaty, according to Berlin newspapers of Thursday, notified the military leader the big entrance gate to the old Castle of the Knights of the Teutonic order at Marlenburg, Prussia, would have his name and arms inscribed on it. The Emperor also expressed the desire to name other parts of the castle after German Generals.

NOW NEARER TO PEACE. dissatisfaction with the Government in- Russia Begins Negotiations With

Ukraine Government. LONDON, May 10 .- A Russian Govern refuse it to the Slovenes in Styria, the peace negotiations with the Ukraine have Italians in the Trentino and the Poles commenced. It says that hostilities have

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Announce a most Extraordinary Offering of

2,000 Silk and Silk Fibre Shirts at \$3.95

Individuality and durability are distinguishing marks of these fine shirts. Their richly blended colorings and unusual texture, the skilful manner in which they are tailored, make them by far the most attractive shirts shown this season. Tailored in

Silk Broadcloths, Novelty Silks and a magnificent collection of Silk Fibre shirtings.

5,000 Men's Silk Cravats Special at 50c

• Pure Silk neckwear of excellent quality, in Old English, East Indian, Spot, and Figured patterns that strike a new note in distinctive scarves for men. Made of Silk Crepe Failles of the better grade, Silk Poplins, and two-toned Silks of an unusual quality.

The Saks service Band on each cravat insures satisfactory wear, and no cravat in the lot is less than forty-seven inches long.

Broken Lots of Higher-Priced Neckwear Reduced to 85c

Regularly \$1 and \$1.50. Splendid selection of patterns in Grenadines, Repps, Twills, Foulards and Silk Crepes. Main Floor.

AReal Army_ to be or not to be?

George Harvey

in the

North American Review's War Weekly

Out today

Five cents

At all newsstands

Distinctive Suits for Men Saks Made all the Way Through

. at \$25

We say distinctive Suits because if we had the same kind of suits at \$25 as any other shop we wouldn't need to mention them in print. Fact is we have a collection of suits at this particular price very much like an ace of spades in a pack of cards a quality card and only one just like it.

There are no other suits just like Saks at \$25-They are the ace of clothing selections at this price.

The models feature a wealth of original style touches. The Woolens in which they are tailored are in colorings as uncommon as any that leave the loom. In a season of unprecedented manufacturing costs such a showing of suits is nothing short of phenomenal.

Saks & Company